



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education (9–1)

ITALIAN

7164/04

Paper 4 Writing

For examination from 2019

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 50

Specimen

This document consists of **23** printed pages and **1** blank page.

1 General Marking Principles**1.1 Crossing out:**

- If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
- If a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

1.2 For Questions 2 and 3, if the candidate has written an answer in the space provided for that purpose, you should ignore anything written anywhere else, unless:

- there is an indication from the candidate that other material should be considered
- the candidate has continued their answer outside the space provided
- there is no answer in the space provided.

1.3 Annotation used in the Mark Scheme:

- tc = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.
- BOD = benefit of the doubt and is used to indicate that the Examiner has considered the answer/that part of the answer and judged it to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded

1.4 No response and '0' marks**Award NR (No Response):**

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

Award 0:

- If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

1.5 Optional questions: you must mark all questions attempted by the candidate. Where a question has not been attempted then a NR must be entered. (For Question 3 only, after marking the question(s) the candidate has answered, NR is populated automatically when you click on 'Complete'.) Where the candidate attempts more than one of the alternatives in Question 3, only the candidate's best result will be aggregated.

Question	Answer	Marks
Question 1		
	Candidates are required to list 8 items in Italian. Read all of the items that the candidate has listed and award marks as follows:	
(i)	Select the most correct items up to a maximum of 5. Award 1 mark for each correct item up to a maximum of 5. Stop ticking once 5 items have been rewarded.	
(ii)	On Question 1, award marks for items wherever the candidate has written them.	
(iii)	If the candidate offers more than one word per line, award a mark for each acceptable item.	
(iv)	The pictures provided on the question paper are only suggestions.	
(v)	Mark for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies, provided the message is clear. Ignore any definite / indefinite article, possessive adjective, etc. Ignore any verbs.	
(vi)	If spelling is questionable, start by referring to the detailed mark scheme. Refer to the bullet points below if no decision on the spelling you have encountered is recorded there. • ‘If in doubt, sound it out’: if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like the correct answer? • Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer, e.g. one letter missing but no other word created. • If the first part of the word is correct, small errors in what comes next are less likely to impede communication (unless they suggest another meaning). • Where letters are transposed, the word is likely to communicate (unless another word has been created).	
(vii)	Once marking proper starts, if there are five clearly acceptable items, award marks wherever these are in the list. This approach may allow questionable versions to be ignored.	
(viii)	Refuse all nouns which are repeated and which do not have a separate meaning.	
(ix)	Reject misspelt words which suggest a word with a quite different meaning. Where nouns are usually plural, accept the singular and vice versa.	

Question	Answer		Marks
1	Sei in spiaggia. Che cosa vedi? Fai un elenco in <u>italiano</u> di <u>8</u> cose.		5
	acqua	occhiali da sole	
	amici	ombrello	
	asciugamano	orologio	
	bar	palla	
	barca	pallone	
	bibita	pane	
	bicicletta	panino	
	bikini	pantaloncini	
	birra	pantaloni	
	borsa	penna	
	cane	pesce	
	cappello	pizza	
	cappotto	portafoglio	
	caramelle	racchetta	
	cartolina	radio	
	cellulare	rivista	

Question	Answer		Marks
1	chitarra	sabbia	
	computer (portatile)	sandali	
	crema solare	sapone	
	crema doposole	sedia (a sdraio)	
	frutta	shampoo	
	gelato	soldi	
	giacca	sole	
	giocattoli	spazzola (per capelli)	
	giochi	telefonino	
	giornale	tramezzino	
	lettore mp3	vestiti	
	libro	windsurf(ing)	
	limonata	yogurt	
	macchina fotografica	zaino	
	maglia	zanzara	
	maglione	+ additional clothes, food etc.	
mare			
Total for Question 1: 5 marks			

Question	Answer	Marks
Question 2 Candidates are required to answer the question. Read the whole answer and award marks as follows: • Communication: award a mark out of 10, according to the instructions in 2.1. • Language: award a mark out of 5, according to the instructions in 2.2.		

Question	Answer	Marks
2	<i>Lo sport e la salute.</i>	15
2.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication		
(i) Place the appropriate 'numbered' tick as close as possible to each relevant communication point in the body of the answer. (ii) Award ticks flexibly across the tasks for each piece of relevant information conveyed, up to a maximum of 10. HOWEVER, each of the tasks must be covered to get the 10 communication marks: • If 1 of the tasks is <u>missing</u>, the maximum communication mark is 9. • If 2 of the tasks are <u>missing</u>, the maximum communication mark is 8 (and so on). (iii) Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication. (iv) For COMMUNICATION • Look for a verb (finite or infinitive) before awarding a mark. Lists without a verb will not score. • For language other than verbs, use 'rules' in Question 1: look alike, sound alike, etc. • Misplaced adjectives, negatives and adverbs will not usually compromise communication. (v) <u>LISTS</u> = a maximum of 3 marks for communication: lists of 1–3 items = 1 mark; lists of 4 items = 2 marks; lists of 5–6 items = 3 marks (vi) Only reward each piece of information once. (vii) Do not penalise factual errors. (viii) What the candidate writes may not follow the order of the tasks on the question paper – this is fine.		

Question	Answer		Marks
	Tick	Accept Quali attività fai per tenerti in forma? REWARD: any activities: e.g. sports, inactivity, place where sports are practised (e.g. <i>vado in palestra</i>) ✓2 Che cosa mangi? REWARD: any food/drink that the candidate consumes ✓3 Che cosa non mangi? REWARD: any food/drink that the candidate does not consume ✓4 Quale sport ti piacerebbe provare? Perché? REWARD: any sport other than that mentioned in response to first bullet point ACCEPT: 'I don't know' REWARD: reason why, even if it is not clear which sport the candidate would like to try	

Question	Answer	Marks
2.2: Award a mark out of 5 for Language		
Award a mark out of 5 for Language*, according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (see <i>Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors</i> (last page of mark scheme)).		
Grade descriptors for Language (Question 2)		
5	Straightforward vocabulary and structure. The style of writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. Use of a limited range of verbs, generally successful. More accuracy than inaccuracy.	
4	Basic vocabulary and structure. Some awareness of verb usage, but inconsistent. The writing is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed.	
3	Very basic vocabulary and structure. Little awareness of verb usage (e.g. infinitives regularly used instead of finite verbs). Despite regular errors, the writing often conveys some meaning.	
2	A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.	
1	Disjointed words or short phrases, one or two of them accurate enough to be comprehensible.	
0	One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.	
*Consider the whole answer when awarding mark for language		
		Total for Communication: 10 marks Total for Language: 5 marks Total for Question 2: 15 marks

Question	Answer	Marks
Question 3		
Candidates answer 1 question from a choice of 3. Read the whole answer and award marks as follows:		
• Communication: award a mark out of 10, according to the instructions in 3.1 • Language: award a mark out of 8 for Verbs, according to the instructions in 3.2 award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features, according to the instructions in 3.3.		
For question-specific guidance, see later in this mark scheme.		
3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication		
(i) There are 5 relevant communication points per question, each worth a maximum of 2 marks.		
(ii) For each relevant communication point, use the appropriate numbered tick and place up to 2 of these ticks as close as possible to each relevant communication point (in the body of the answer).		
2 ticks	Message clearly communicated. Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.	
1 tick	Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.	
0 ticks	Nothing of worth communicated.	
(iii) Look for a verb (finite or infinitive) before awarding a mark for communication.		
(iv) Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication.		

Question	Answer	Marks																				
3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs																						
When awarding ticks for Verbs, please refer back to the question in order to establish which tense is appropriate for the response. For question-specific guidance, see later in this mark scheme.																						
(i)	Place a tick above the first occurrence of each correct verb, up to a maximum of 18 ticks (details of how to award ticks are provided below).																					
(ii)	Place the tick so that it does not obscure the accent.																					
(iii)	Convert the total number of ticks to a mark out of 8 using the Conversion table below.																					
Conversion table for accurate use of Verbs (Question 3)																						
<table><tr><th>Number of ticks</th><th>Mark</th></tr><tr><td>18+</td><td>8</td></tr><tr><td>16,17</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>14,15</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>12,13</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>10,11</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>8,9</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>6,7</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>4,5</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>0,1,2,3</td><td>0</td></tr></table>			Number of ticks	Mark	18+	8	16,17	7	14,15	6	12,13	5	10,11	4	8,9	3	6,7	2	4,5	1	0,1,2,3	0
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16,17	7																					
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10,11	4																					
8,9	3																					
6,7	2																					
4,5	1																					
0,1,2,3	0																					

Question	Answer	Marks
How to award ticks for accurate use of Verbs (Question 3):		
(a) Subject (noun or pronoun) + any finite verb	• both subject and verb must be correct for the verb to score a tick • verb must be in the appropriate tense to score a tick • accents on verbs must be correct in order for a tick to be awarded • do not tick verbs contained in the ‘letter etiquette’: appropriate beginnings and endings to letters are considered for reward under Other linguistic features.	

Question	Answer		Marks
Tick	No tick	Note	
Io sono (✓)			
Ho fatto (✓)			
Siamo andati (✓)	Siamo andato (<i>no tick</i>)	insist on correct agreement	
I professori sono simpatici (✓)	I professori sono simpatici (<i>no tick</i>)	incorrect subject means tick cannot be awarded for verb	
Use of gerund			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Stavo andando (✓)		Continuous forms of stare and gerund are awarded 1 tick	
Sbagliando (✓)	Ero giocando (<i>no tick</i>)	Disallow gerund following essere	
With direct and indirect object pronouns			
Tick	No tick	Note	
L'ho visto (✓)			
Reflexive/passive			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Mi alzo (✓)	Alzomi (<i>no tick</i>)		
Ci siamo alzati (✓)			
Mi lavo (✓) le mani	Mi lavo (<i>no tick</i>) la macchina	"lavare" should not be used reflexively in this statement	
Siamo stati seguiti (✓)			

Question	Answer		Marks
With “ci” and “ne”			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Ci vado (✓)			
Ne compriamo (✓)			
Impersonal si			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Si può (✓)			
Si parla italiano (✓)			
Impersonal			
Tick	No tick	Note	
E` interessante (✓)			
Bisogna (✓)			
With negative			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Non mangiano (✓)			
Sequence of tenses			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Se avessi (✓) la possibilità vorrei (✓)	Se avevo (no tick) la possibilità vorrei (✓)	If sequence is incorrect, both verbs cannot be rewarded	

Question	Answer		Marks
Single auxiliary with multiple past participles			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Abbiamo cantato e ballato (✓) (✓)		Abbiamo cantato = tick 1 ; Abbiamo ballato = tick 2	
Correct verb within meaningless statement			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Il cammino è (✓) lungo	Il cammino è (no tick) intelligente	do not reward correct verb in a meaningless statement	
(b) Imperative			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Vieni! (✓)			
Sedetevi! (✓)			
(c) Interrogative			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Vieni? (✓) / Vieni. (✓)	question mark not required for mark to be awarded		
Come va(?) (✓)			

Question	Answer		Marks
(d) Infinitive			
Tick	No tick	Note	
Voglio (✓) uscire (✓)			
Non voglia (no tick) uscire (✓)			
Voglio (✓) uscire (no tick)			
Ho deciso (✓) di uscire (✓)			
(e) Participle (past or present)			
Tick	No tick	Note	
(Una volta) chiusa la porta (✓)			
(f) Reward only the first occurrence of a verb, e.g.			
- Mi piace (✓) il calcio. Mi piace (no tick) anche il tennis - Mi piace (✓) il calcio. Non mi piace (no tick) il tennis			
However,			
- Io preferisco (✓) il calcio e mio fratello preferisce (✓) il tennis – two different persons of the verb - Mio fratello preferisce (✓) il calcio e mia sorella preferisce (no tick) il tennis – both third person usage			

Question	Answer	Marks
3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features		
(i)	Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features, according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (please see <i>Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors</i> (Appendix I)).	
(ii)	Consider the extent to which the following are used correctly and appropriately when assessing the candidate's control of structures: • Adjectives, including possessives and demonstratives. Also comparatives and superlatives • Object pronouns (<i>mi ha detto</i>) and 'strong' pronouns (<i>da noi</i> etc.) • Negatives • A variety of prepositions and adverbs • Expressions of quantity • Linking words (e.g. <i>comunque, siccome, perciò</i>) and conjunctions other than e • Subordinate clauses, including <i>perché</i> and <i>che</i> (relative pronouns). Indirect or reported speech (<i>ha detto che, credo che</i>). Time clauses with <i>quando, mentre</i> etc. and <i>se</i> (= if) • Appropriate use of <i>politeness</i> in the letter.	

Question	Answer	Marks
Grade descriptors for Other linguistic features (Question 3)		
11–12	• Uses a wide range of structures effectively; produces longer, fluent sentences with ease. • Highly accurate at this level, though not necessarily faultless. • Makes effective use of a wide range of vocabulary fully appropriate to the task.	
9–10	• Attempts a range of structures with a good degree of success. • More complex language usually error-free^{^^}. • Uses a variety of relevant vocabulary at this level.	
7–8	• In control of simple structures. Varied success with more complex structures. • Accuracy is fairly consistent throughout*. Errors may occur when more ambitious language is attempted. • Has sufficient vocabulary to add some interest to the writing.	
5–6	• Attempts more than basic structures. • On balance, the work is more accurate than inaccurate. • Straightforward vocabulary relevant to the task.	
3–4	• Reliant on basic structures. • Some examples of correct language. Meaning usually conveyed. • Basic vocabulary.	
1–2	• A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.	
0	• One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.	
^{^^} subordinate clauses, linking words, object pronouns, comparative adjectives/adverbs, strong negatives usually error free.		
*spelling of common words, genders, adjectival agreements and basic prepositions are almost always correct.		
		Total for Communication: 10 marks
		Total for Verbs: 8 marks
		Total for Other linguistic features: 12 marks
		Total for Question 3: 30 marks

Question	Answer	Marks						
3(a)	<i>Una visita allo zoo. La settimana scorsa sei andato/andata allo zoo con i tuoi amici. Scrivi una lettera a un amico italiano/un'amica italiana.</i> 3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above. <table> <tr> <th>Tick</th><th>Accept</th><th>Mark</th></tr> <tr> <td>✓1</td><td> What the candidate did with friend(s) Insist on past tense Allow <i>noi</i> as subject with no mention of friend(s) Allow <i>io</i> + activity with <i>con</i> + name(s) (of friend(s)) Allow <i>siamo andati a uno zoo/London Zoo</i> for 'what we did' Copying <i>con i tuoi amici</i> does not invalidate the task </td><td>2</td></tr> </table>	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓1	What the candidate did with friend(s) Insist on past tense Allow <i>noi</i> as subject with no mention of friend(s) Allow <i>io</i> + activity with <i>con</i> + name(s) (of friend(s)) Allow <i>siamo andati a uno zoo/London Zoo</i> for 'what we did' Copying <i>con i tuoi amici</i> does not invalidate the task	2	30
Tick	Accept	Mark						
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Question	Answer		Marks
3(a)	Tick	Accept	Mark
	✓2	Second communication mark to be awarded for extra detail on: What the candidate did with friend(s) Insist on past tense Allow <i>noi</i> as subject with no mention of friend(s) Allow <i>io</i> + activity with <i>con</i> + name(s) (of friend(s)) Allow <i>siamo andati a uno zoo/London Zoo</i> for 'what we did' Copying <i>con i tuoi amici</i> does not invalidate the task	2
	✓3	Whether candidate prefers outings with friend(s) or family Insist on <i>preferisco</i> or equivalent	2
	✓4	Why the candidate prefers outings with friend(s)/family Allow anything sensible The reason can be expressed in a number of tenses Reward a reason, even if it is not clear who the candidate prefers to go on outings with	2
	✓5	What candidate would like to do (with friend(s)) next weekend <i>Il fine settimana (prossimo) vorrei/voglio</i> + infinitive is obviously ok (do not insist on 'with friend(s)') Allow for communication a simple future, e.g. <i>andremo al cinema il fine settimana (prossimo)</i> Allow a present + <i>il fine settimana (prossimo)</i> , e.g. <i>il fine settimana (prossimo) andiamo al cinema</i> Allow <i>il fine settimana prossimo abbiamo deciso di...</i>	2
3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs – see generic guidance above.			
3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above.			

Question	Answer	Marks																		
3(b)	Lo shopping e la moda. 3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Tick</th><th>Accept</th><th>Mark</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>✓1</td><td>Description of a day the candidate spent shopping Insist on past tense Allow <i>io</i> or <i>noi</i> as subject</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓2</td><td>Second communication mark to be awarded for extra detail on: Description of a day the candidate spent shopping Insist on past tense Allow <i>io</i> or <i>noi</i> as subject</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓3</td><td>Negative aspects of designer clothes Allow anything sensible</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓4</td><td>Positive aspects of designer clothes Allow anything sensible</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓5</td><td>What the candidate would like to wear if s/he had lots of money Se <i>avessi molti soldi, mi piacerebbe portare / comprerei / porterei + clothes (allow future for communication)</i></td><td>2</td></tr> </tbody> </table> 3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs – see generic guidance above. 3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above.	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓1	Description of a day the candidate spent shopping Insist on past tense Allow <i>io</i> or <i>noi</i> as subject	2	✓2	Second communication mark to be awarded for extra detail on: Description of a day the candidate spent shopping Insist on past tense Allow <i>io</i> or <i>noi</i> as subject	2	✓3	Negative aspects of designer clothes Allow anything sensible	2	✓4	Positive aspects of designer clothes Allow anything sensible	2	✓5	What the candidate would like to wear if s/he had lots of money Se <i>avessi molti soldi, mi piacerebbe portare / comprerei / porterei + clothes (allow future for communication)</i>	2	30
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Question	Answer	Marks																		
3(c)	<i>L'anno scorso hai cambiato scuola. Descrivi quello che è successo il primo giorno nella nuova scuola. Descrivi:</i> 3.1: Award a mark out of 10 for Communication – see generic guidance above. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Tick</th><th>Accept</th><th>Mark</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>✓1</td><td> Description of the classes Insist on past tense Reward any sensible description of the classes/lessons/a class/a lesson </td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓2</td><td> Description of the lunch break Insist on past tense Reward any sensible description of what the candidate did during lunch break / what happened at lunchtime </td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓3</td><td> Third communication mark to be awarded for extra detail relating to either of first two bullet points in the question. Insist on past tense Reward anything sensible </td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓4</td><td> Impressions of new school Expect opinions/emotions Do not insist on past tenses. Allow <i>ero</i> / <i>sono stato</i> / <i>le mie impressioni erano</i> / <i>la nuova scuola è ...</i> </td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>✓5</td><td> Fifth communication mark to be awarded for extra detail on: Impressions of new school Expect opinions/emotions Do not insist on past tenses. Allow <i>ero</i> / <i>sono stato</i> / <i>le mie impressioni erano</i> / <i>la nuova scuola è ...</i> </td><td>2</td></tr> </tbody> </table> 3.2: Award a mark out of 8 for accurate use of Verbs – see generic guidance above. 3.3: Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features – see generic guidance above.	Tick	Accept	Mark	✓1	Description of the classes Insist on past tense Reward any sensible description of the classes/lessons/a class/a lesson	2	✓2	Description of the lunch break Insist on past tense Reward any sensible description of what the candidate did during lunch break / what happened at lunchtime	2	✓3	Third communication mark to be awarded for extra detail relating to either of first two bullet points in the question. Insist on past tense Reward anything sensible	2	✓4	Impressions of new school Expect opinions/emotions Do not insist on past tenses. Allow <i>ero</i> / <i>sono stato</i> / <i>le mie impressioni erano</i> / <i>la nuova scuola è ...</i>	2	✓5	Fifth communication mark to be awarded for extra detail on: Impressions of new school Expect opinions/emotions Do not insist on past tenses. Allow <i>ero</i> / <i>sono stato</i> / <i>le mie impressioni erano</i> / <i>la nuova scuola è ...</i>	2	30
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Appendix I**Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors**

It is important that you award marks positively. In order to ensure that you reward achievement rather than penalise failure or omissions, you should start at the bottom of the mark scheme and work upwards through the descriptors when awarding marks.

You should adopt a 'best fit' approach. You must select the set of descriptors provided in the mark scheme that most closely describes the quality of the work being marked. As you work upwards through the mark scheme, you will eventually arrive at a set of descriptors that fits the candidate's performance. When you reach this point, you should always then check the descriptors in the band above to confirm whether or not there is just enough evidence to award a mark in the higher band.

For example, when marking Question 3 you may find that a candidate uses a variety of relevant vocabulary but has varied success with more complex structures. In such cases, you will need to award a mark that takes into account both the strengths and weaknesses of the piece of work.

To select the most appropriate mark within each set of descriptors, use the following guidance:

- If most of the descriptors fit the piece (and after you have considered the band above), award the top mark in the band.
- If there is just enough evidence (and you had perhaps been considering the band below), award the lowest mark in the band.

Note on irrelevant material

In the case of a deliberately evasive answer which consists entirely of irrelevant material exploited in defiance of the rubric, a score of 0 is given. This is extremely rare.

A genuine attempt to answer the question which fails due to a misunderstanding of the rubric will normally lose Communication marks but will score for Language. You should consult your Team Leader.

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